Art in Review



UAR CALLERIES

gurative Park died perfecting Theavy ashotlike ight and huwo delightwife, Lydia, his confist from Pi-Marie-ThéA Picasso-influenced portrait in oil by David Park of his wife, from 1938-9: "Lydia Park (Before)." It is part of an exhibition of American figurative paintings by unsung artists during the early 20th century, on view at Kraushaar Galleries.

rèse Walter and Dora Maar at a time when New York artists were gripped by his Cubism.

The other draw is "Bea Ault," a 1925 portrait by the resourceful Marguerite Zorach (1887-1968), an early adopter of Fauvism who was included in the 1913 Armory Show. The painting is bold in every way: its size, its palette of reds and blues, and especially its sophisticated mix of Cubism and folk art. Pictured in a rocking chair, smoking, its subject stares us down. ROBERTA SMITH



PRANKLIN PARRASCH GALLENN

ished, but the best pieces have a

most a precision. This is especial-

"Symphony VII," which contrast

panses of thick horizontal brush

new no-nonsense tautness, al-

ly true of "Winter Rose" and

large blooms with luscious ex-

strokes. But it also applies to

"Amor Matris," whose smaller

bleed softly down the surface

along with the phrase "if not,

white, pink and yellow blossoms

know that I have loved you very

much." Ms. Snyder's work is per-

formative, feminist and painterly

ROBERTA SMITH

in equally robust parts. After 45

years, she is still making paint-

ings that you have to contend

on that uses t a painter's ne. For Ms. tions as a ry, garden pard. tis show is titging beg further er longtime surfaces instraw, paottra-thick ic, which she tgerated eflike and

especially e and unfin-

with.

Joan Snyder's "Symphony VII" includes berries and dried sunflowers among its materials.

**Rasheed Araeen** 

'Minimalism Then and Now' Aicon Gallery 35 Great Jones Street, near the Bowery, NoLIta Closes on Saturday

Born in Pakistan in 1935 and a London resident since 1964, Rasheed Araeen has been an artworld legend since the 1980s, when he founded and edited Third Text, a journal that not only gave a voice to contemporary non-Western and nonwhite artists but also helped initiate an entire rethinking of 20th-century art history. Mr. Araeen also produced some of the most influential writing of the time (1 still have his clips from 30 years ago) and organized shows like "The Other Story" in London, which laid the foundation for the concept that modernism, far from being a Western phenomenon, had happened all over the world, on different schedules.

Overlooked amid all these accomplishments was Mr. Araeen's art, a selection of which is at Aicon Gallery in his first New York solo exhibition. Trained as a civil engineer, he became an artist after seeing Anthony Caro's



AICON GALLERY

sculptures. His own early pieces combined Mr. Caro's use of industrial materials with openwork structures adapted from architecture. In the early 1960s he developed a version of what would come to be called Minimalism before its introduction in New York by Donald Judd and others.

Mr. Araeen's sensibility is quite different from that of the American artists. His sculptures are conspicuously handmade,

"Punj Neelay (Five Blues)," a 1970 work by Rasheed Araeen, is part of this show at the Aicon Gallery. It is Mr. Araeen's first New York solo exhibition.

often brightly painted, and configured to form - in some cases - layers of geometric patterning. Many of them were originally meant to be interactive. Viewers were invited to rearrange components and, in the case of a modular 1970 floor piece called "Triangles," to toss parts into the River Thames and watch them reconfigure as they floated away.

Now in his 80s and busy writing, editing and making art, Mr. Araeen is one of many overlooked artists who should at last be finding a permanent place in the global picture. A number of them appeared in the important exhibition "Other Primary Structures" at the Jewish Museum in New York last year. Mr. Araeen

was one. That the show existed at all was largely because of his efforts as a multitasking pioneer.

HOLLAND COTTER

## **Torbjorn Rodland**

'Corpus Dubium'

Algus Greenspon 71 Morton Street, near Hudson Street, West Village Through June 20

A Norwegian artist who lives in Los Angeles, Torbjorn Rodland creates photographs that are formally acute, conceptually playful and psychologically evocative. The most intriguing of the large color prints in his show have eccentric religious overtones.

"Drunken Man" depicts a large-bodied, balding and bearded fellow, naked from the waist up and evidently happily inebriated. A young woman is glimpsed to either side of him, and that brings to mind the biblical story of Lot, whose daughters conspired to get him drunk and then laid with him in order to have children and continue the family line

"The Mirror" is the curiously



TENT THE ARTIST AND ALCAS GREENSTAN

ambiguous image of a naked woman apparently taking a picture of herself in a mirror with a smartphone. Presumably, the photograph we're looking at was taken by Mr. Rodland, though it could be a print of the picture that the woman shot. It's a conundrum. There's something

Torbjorn Rodland's photograph "Drunken Man" (2014-15) is part of his show at Algus Greenspon.

else: The glare from an electric light strategically placed behind her simultaneously obscures and draws attention to the place where her legs meet. This brings to mind thoughts about photography and voyeurism. But also, as in an image of the Annunciation, the burst of light suggests the miracle of human life's conception in the female body.

In "This Is My Body," a young girl looks up. A man uses his hand to hold her at her neck while, with his other hand, he inserts his index finger behind her lower lip. The gesture and title suggest the administration of a communion wafer, yet the image of a child submitting to a man's dominance also hints at something far more disturbing.